ZytoDot® 2C SPEC MALT1 Break Apart Probe

ZytoDot [®]2^C Products for CISH analysis

RUO

Background

The ZytoDot[®] 2C SPEC MALT1 Break Apart Probe (PD52) is intended to be used for the qualitative detection of translocations involving the human MALT1 gene at 18q21.32 in formalin-fixed, paraffin-embedded specimens by chromogenic *in situ* hybridization (CISH). The probe is intended to be used in combination with the ZytoDot[®] 2C CISH Implementation Kit (Prod. No. C-3044-10/-40).

Probe Description

The Zyto*Dot* [®] 2C SPEC MALT1 Break Apart Probe is composed of:

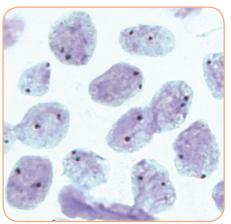
- Digoxigenin-labeled polynucleotides (~0.50 ng/µl), which target sequences mapping in 18q21.31-q21.32** (chr18:56,021,766-56,202,885) proximal to the MALT1 breakpoint region.
- Dinitrophenyl-labeled polynucleotides (~0.75 ng/µl), which target sequences mapping in 18q21.32** (chr18:56,557,814-56,724,408) distal to the MALT1 breakpoint region
- · Formamide based hybridization buffer

Ideogram of chromosome 18 indicating the hybridization locations. SHGC-145775 D18S1129 KAM39 5' 3' D18S529 MALT1 ~180 kb ~165 kb Cen \leftarrow 18q21.31-q21.32 \rightarrow Tel

SPEC MALT1 Probe map (not to scale).

Results

In an interphase nucleus of a normal cell lacking a translocation involving the 18q21.31-q21.32 band, using the ZytoDot [®] 2C CISH Implementation Kit, two red/green fusion signals are expected representing two normal (non-rearranged) 18q21.31-q21.32 loci. A signal pattern consisting of one red/ green fusion signal, one red signal, and a separate green signal indicates one normal 18q21.31-q21.32 locus and one 18q21.31-q21.32 locus affected by a translocation.



SPEC MALT1 Break Apart Probe hybridized to normal interphase cells as indicated by two red/green fusion signals per nucleus.

