Zyto Light ® SPEC EML4 Dual Color Break Apart Probe

RUO

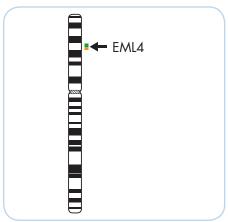
Background

The ZytoLight® SPEC EML4 Dual Color Break Apart Probe (PL93) is intended to be used for the qualitative detection of translocations involving the EML4 gene at 2p21 in formalin-fixed, paraffin-embedded specimens by fluorescence in situ hybridization (FISH). The probe is intended to be used in combination with the ZytoLight® FISH-Tissue Implementation Kit (Prod. No. Z-2028-5/-20).

Probe Description

The ZytoLight ® SPEC EML4 Dual Color Break Apart Probe is composed of:

- · ZyGreen (excitation 503 nm/emission 528 nm) labeled polynucleotides (~10 ng/µl), which target sequences mapping in 2p21** (chr2:41,856,860-42,464,761) distal to the EML4 breakpoint region.
- · ZyOrange (excitation 547 nm/emission 572 nm) labeled polynucleotides (~4.5 ng/µl), which target sequences mapping in 2p21** (chr2:42,576,262-43,163,545) proximal to the EML4 breakpoint region.
- · Formamide based hybridization buffer



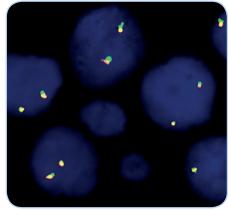
Ideogram of chromosome 2 indicating the hybridization locations.



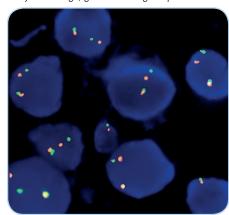
SPEC EML4 Probe map (not to scale).

Results

In an interphase nucleus of a normal cell lacking an inversion involving the 2p21 band, two orange/green fusion signals are expected representing two normal (non-rearranged) 2p21 loci. A signal pattern consisting of one orange/green fusion signal, one orange signal, and a separate green signal indicates one normal 2p21 locus and one 2p21 locus affected by an inversion or translocation.



SPEC EML4 Dual Color Break Apart Probe hybridized to normal interphase cells as indicated by two orange/green fusion signals per nucleus.



Example of an aberrant signal pattern: NSCLC tissue section with inversion affecting the EML4 locus at 2p21 as indicated by one orange/green fusion (non-rearranged) signal, one green signal, and one separate orange signal.

Prod. No. Label Tests* (Volume) Z-2136-50 ZytoLight SPEC EML4 Dual Color Break Apart Probe RUO **•/•** 5 (50 µl)

