

The <u>Cytology Pepsin Solution</u> (**ES2**) is intended to be used for proteolytic pretreatment of cytologic specimens by *in situ* hybridization (ISH). The <u>Cytology Pepsin Solution</u> is intended to be used in combination with Zyto*Light* probes and the <u>ZytoLightFISH Cytology Implementation Kit</u> (Prod. No. Z-2099-20).

The product is intended for professional use only. All tests using the product should be performed in a certified, licensed anatomic pathology laboratory under the supervision of a pathologist/human geneticist by qualified personnel.

## 2. Test principle

1.

The fluorescence *in situ* hybridization (FISH) technique allows for the detection and visualization of specific nucleic acid sequences in cell preparations. Fluorescently-labeled DNA fragments, so called FISH probes, and their complementary target DNA strands in the preparations are codenatured and subsequently allowed to anneal during hybridization. Afterwards, unspecific and unbound probe fragments are removed by stringency washing steps. After counterstaining the DNA with DAPI, hybridized probe fragments are visualized using a fluorescence microscope equipped with excitation and emission filters specific for the fluorochromes with which the FISH probe fragments have been directly labeled.

## 3. Reagents provided

The <u>Cytology Pepsin Solution</u> is available in two sizes:

- ES-0002-4: 4 ml (40 reactions of 0.1 ml each)
- ES-0002-50: 50 ml (500 reactions of 0.1 ml each)

# 4. Materials required but not provided

- Zyto*Light* probe
- <u>ZytoLight FISH Cytology Implementation Kit</u> (Prod. No. Z-2099-20)

The <u>Cytology Pepsin Solution</u> is intended to be used in ISH procedures using ZytoVision probes and kits. For information on materials required for ISH procedures, please refer to the instructions for use of the respective ZytoVision probe and implementation kit.

## 5. Storage and handling

Store at 2-8  $^{\circ}$ C in an upright position. Return to storage conditions immediately after use. Do not use reagents beyond expiry date indicated on the label. The product is stable until expiry date indicated on the label when handled accordingly.

## 6. Warnings and precautions

- Read the instructions for use prior to use!
- Do not use the reagents after the expiry date has been reached!
- This product contains substances (in low concentrations and volumes) that are harmful to health. Avoid any direct contact with the reagents. Take appropriate protective measures (use disposable gloves, protective glasses, and lab garments)!
- Report any serious incident that has occurred in relation to the product to the manufacturer and the competent authority according to local regulations!
- If reagents come into contact with skin, rinse skin immediately with copious amounts of water!
- A material safety data sheet is available on request for the professional user.
- Do not reuse reagents, unless reuse is explicitly permitted!
- Avoid cross-contamination of samples as this may lead to erroneous results.
- The specimens must not be allowed to dry during the hybridization and washing steps.

## Special labelling of ES2:

EUH210 Safety data sheet available on request. < 20 % of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity (inhalation).

## Hazard and precautionary statements:

This product is not classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008.

## 7. Limitations

- For *in vitro* diagnostic use.
- For professional use only.
- For non-automated use only.
- The clinical interpretation of any positive staining, or its absence, must be done within the context of clinical history, morphology, other histopathological criteria as well as other diagnostic tests. It is the responsibility of a qualified pathologist/human geneticist to be familiar with the ISH probes, reagents, diagnostic panels, and methods used to produce the stained preparation. Staining must be performed in a certified, licensed laboratory under the supervision of a pathologist/human geneticist who is responsible for reviewing the stained slides and assuring the adequacy of positive and negative controls.
- Specimen staining, especially signal intensity and background staining, is dependent on the handling and processing of the specimen prior to staining. Improper fixation, freezing, thawing, washing, drying, heating, sectioning, or contamination with other specimens or fluids may produce artefacts or false results. Inconsistent results may result from variations in fixation and embedding methods, as well as from inherent irregularities within the specimen.

#### Vers. 1.1.1 EN

 The performance was validated using the procedures described in the instruction for use of the respective ZytoVision probe and implementation kit. Modifications to these procedures might alter the performance and have to be validated by the user. This IVD is only certified as CE when used as described in this instruction for use within the scope of the intended use.

#### 8. Interfering substances

Refer to the instructions for use of the respective ZytoVision probe and implementation kit.

#### 9. Preparation of specimens

Refer to the instructions for use of the respective ZytoVision probe and implementation kit.

#### 10. Preparatory treatment of the device

Refer to the instructions for use of the respective ZytoVision probe and implementation kit.

# 11. Assay procedure

Follow the procedure as described in the instructions for use of the respective ZytoVision implementation kit.

#### 12. Interpretation of results

Refer to the instructions for use of the respective ZytoVision probe.

#### 13. Recommended quality control procedures

Refer to the instructions for use of the respective ZytoVision probe.

#### 14. Performance characteristics

Refer to the instructions for use of the respective ZytoVision probe.

#### 15. Disposal

The disposal of reagents must be carried out in accordance with local regulations.

#### 16. Troubleshooting

Any deviation from the operating instructions can lead to inferior staining results or to no staining at all. Please refer to the instructions for use of the respective ZytoVision probe and kit for further information.

#### 17. Literature

- Kievits T, et al. (1990) Cytogenet Cell Genet 53: 134-6.
- Wilkinson DG: In Situ Hybridization, A Practical Approach, Oxford University Press (1992) ISBN 0 19 963327 4.

# 18. Revision

www.zytovision.com

Please refer to <u>www.zytovision.com</u> for the most recent instructions for use as well as for instructions for use in different languages.

Our experts are available to answer your questions. Please contact <u>helptech@zytovision.com</u>



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